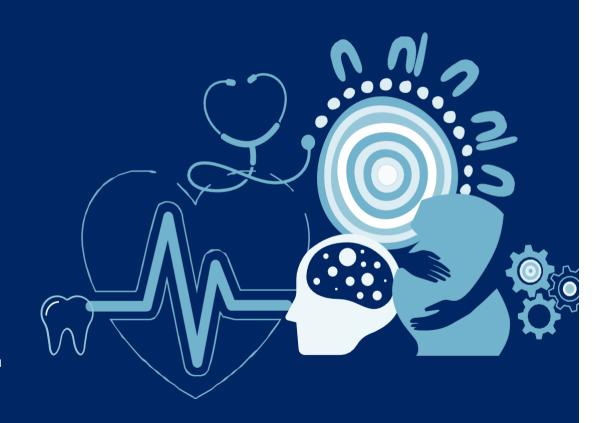
NSW Health



Financial Requirements and Conditions of Subsidy (Government Grants)

For the year ending 30 June 2025



www.health.nsw.gov.au

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Definitions

Term	Definition
ABF	Activity Based Funding
ADO	Allocated Days Off
АНО	Affiliated Health Organisation. Defined under section 13 of the <i>Health Services Act 1997</i> and means a non-profit, religious, charitable, or other non-government organisation listed in Column 1 of Schedule 3 of the Act, but only in respect of its recognised establishments or services listed in Column 2 of that Schedule.
AFM Online	Asset & Facility Management Online. An information management system to improve how the assets and facilities of NSW Health are managed to ensure they are available in the right condition, at the right time and in the right location for optimal patient care.
AGIS	Advanced Global Intercompany System
ARC	Audit and Risk Committees
BTS	Budget Transaction System
CAC	Capital Asset Charge
CE	Chief Executive
Consolidated Fund	The fund established by the <i>Constitution Act 1902</i> into which all public moneys (including government deposits, taxes, tariffs, excises, fines, fees, loans, income from Crown assets and other revenues) is collected, received, or held together with Commonwealth grants, and from which appropriations may be drawn by way of Act of Parliament to cover expenditure.
CTF	Custodial Trust Funds are contributions that are not held for the benefit of the PHE. A PHE only performs the role of trustee and custodian of these assets.
DNR	District and Network Return. The DNR is the NSW clinical costing submission.
DoF	Director of Finance
DVA	Department of Veterans' Affairs
eCTRA	Electronic Custodial Trusts and Restricted Assets
EIP	Efficiency Improvement Plan
EIST	Efficiency Improvement and Support Team
Government Grant	Funds allocated to PHEs by the Ministry, or by a Local Health District to an AHO, including from appropriations from the Consolidated Fund and funds from the Commonwealth under the National Health Reform Agreement.

HAC	Health Administration Corporation. The Health Secretary incorporated as a corporation sole under s 9 of the Health Administration Act 1982. The Health Administration Corporation includes Public Health System Support (comprising Health System Support Group, HealthShare NSW and eHealth NSW), Health Infrastructure, NSW Ambulance and NSW Health Pathology.
Health Secretary	Secretary of the NSW Ministry of Health
KPI	Key performance indicator (or metric)
LHD	Local Health District
MoH, Ministry or Ministry of Health	NSW Ministry of Health listed in Part 1 of Schedule 1 of the Government Sector Employment Act 2013
Monthly Performance and Strategy Report	Monthly commentary on actual versus budgeted performance, identifying key issues, insights, and strategies on improving performance
MVA	Motor Vehicle Accident
NWAU	National Weighted Activity Unit
NGO	Non-Government Organisations
Pillars	Agency for Clinical Innovation, Bureau of Health Information, Cancer Institute NSW, Clinical Excellence Commission, and Health Education & Training Institute. Pillars are Statutory Health Corporations as defined by section 2 of the <i>Health Services Act 1997</i> . The Cancer Institute NSW is subject to Chapter 10 of the <i>Health Services Act 1997</i> as if it were a statutory health corporation (s 21A of <i>Cancer Institute (NSW) Act 2003</i>)
PHE	Public Health Entities and includes, for the purposes of this policy document, i) Public Health Organisations (including Local Health Districts, Statutory Health Corporations) excluding Affiliated Health Organisations, and ii) Services provided by the Health Administration Corporation.
РНО	Public Health Organisations. This is defined under section 7 of the Health Services Act 1997 and comprises Local Health Districts, Statutory Health Corporations and Affiliated Health Organisations in respect of their recognised establishments and services.
RAS	Regional Assessment Service
RFA	Restricted Financial Assets. This means public money that is not a NSW Government Grant or Consolidated Fund payment and that can only be used for a specified purpose or purposes under a contract or other binding legal obligation. All RFA revenue is deemed appropriation money under the <i>Government Sector Finance Act 2018</i> .
RPM Tool	The KEY system used to track and monitor Efficiency Improvement Plan progress

SHN	Specialty Health Network
SMRS	Statewide Management Reporting Services (sometimes referred to as Corporate Analytics or SMRT)
Statutory Health Corporation	Defined in Schedule 2 of the Health Services Act 1997
TACP	Transitional Aged Care Program
WD	Business Working Day

Executive Summary

This document (Financial Requirements and Conditions of Subsidy (Government Grants)) is a policy document that outlines the requirements and guidelines for financial management and compliance for Public Health Entities (PHEs) within the NSW Health system. PHEs are required to comply with the Conditions of Subsidy, which include financial accountability, budget management, and compliance with accounting standards, taxation legislation and Government policies.

The Conditions of Subsidy emphasise the importance of sound financial management, proper accounting procedures, tax compliance, accurate record keeping, and adherence to directions and requirements set by the Secretary and the Ministry of Health. PHEs¹ must operate within the NSW Health Performance Framework and ensure both short-term and long-term financial sustainability.

This document also clarifies that government grants and payments should be recognised as revenue and outlines the authority to spend deemed appropriations. It provides guidance on compliance with the Health Services Act 1997, reporting requirements, and financial policies.

The policy applies to all NSW Health Public Health Organisations ('PHOs') including the Cancer Institute NSW.

The document is divided into three key sections:

- Section 1: Key background information and purpose of this policy document
- Section 2: Mandatory reporting requirements and any associated performance metrics
- Section 3: Application guidance for Chief Executives and Directors of Finance in applying the reporting requirements.

Significant changes for the 2024-25 document include (but are not limited to):

New Sections:

- Table 5: Annual Requirements Fringe Benefits Tax Reporting
- 3.2.1 Confirmation of Forward Year Initial Budget Estimates.
- 3.2.3 Shared Services Subsidy Funding Reconciliation

¹ Including St Vincent's Health Network

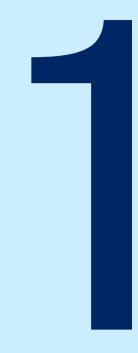
• 3.2.8 Financial Recovery Plans

Updates:

- 3.2.4 Budget Administration to reflect that the account breakdown for Budget Supplementation to Health Entities practices are now business-as-usual.
- 3.2.6 Forecasting to reflect forecast certification requirements for November as well as April.
- 3.5.2 Purchase Order Compliance to refer to Travel and Accommodation guidance paper.
- 3.7.4 Taxation and Superannuation includes detailed information on requirements.
- 3.7.9 Affiliated Health Organisations to include additional reporting requirements for AHOs.
- Monthly Performance Narratives now referred to as Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports.
- Updated references to relevant policy, procedural and governance documents.

Chief Executives (CEs), Directors of Finance (DoFs), and their direct reports are responsible for understanding and complying with this policy. Non-compliance may result in performance review meetings and can impact the relationship with the Ministry of Health.

In case of unclear interpretations, escalation can be made in writing to the Deputy Chief Financial Officer in the first instance or otherwise the Deputy Secretary and Chief Financial Officer of NSW Health.



Background

Section 1 Background

1.1 Background

<u>Section 127 of the Health Services Act 1997</u> permits the Minister for Health ('the Minister') to approve the subsidies to all NSW Health Public Health Organisations ('PHOs'), including the Cancer Institute NSW, from the money appropriated to the Minister for Health under the annual Appropriation Act. The same section allows the Minister, or delegate, to attach conditions to such subsidy. The ability to apply conditions of subsidy has been delegated to the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, Chief Financial Officer and Deputy Chief Financial Officer (delegations F23 and F25 of the <u>Finance and Expenditure Delegations</u>).

At the same time, the Minister approves the initial government grant for all Health Administration Corporation ('HAC') entities, also from the annual appropriation. As a condition of this grant, HAC entities are required to comply with the same conditions as a PHO. Henceforth, PHOs (Local Health Districts and Statutory Health Corporations), HAC entities and the Cancer Institute NSW are collectively referred to as Public Health Entities or PHEs within the context of this document.

The NSW State Budget reflects the culmination of budget planning and negotiation between agencies and NSW Treasury, and decisions of Government over the preceding months to meet the costs of both ongoing and new services. PHEs are provided with funding to achieve budget, including expenditure, own source revenue and balance sheet movement budgets.

The <u>Health Services Act 1997</u> refers to recurrent and capital subsidy/budget. In practice, recurrent refers to operating expenses and revenues and will be referred to as such within this document and in communications to PHEs. The exceptions to this are items specifically designated as 'recurrent' (e.g. recurrent subsidy account codes).

It is a Condition of Subsidy that Chief Executives are responsible for ensuring that there are appropriate measures in place to ensure sound financial management and compliance with Ministry of Health and Government policies with regards to financial and budgeting practices.

PHEs must:

• ensure that government grants (subsidies) are spent in accordance with the purpose and conditions of annual Service (or Performance) Agreements² and must comply with all statutory

² Local Health Districts and Specialty Networks have annual Service Agreements whereas the remaining Statutory Health Corporations (i.e., Pillar organisations) have annual Performance Agreements and HAC entities have Statement of Service. For simplicity of language in this document, 'Service Agreements' will refer to Service Agreements, Performance Agreements and Statements of Service.

Section 1 Background / Purpose

and regulatory conditions placed upon the payment of grants under the Service Agreement and any subsequent funding approvals.

- meet the targets and other requirements of their annual Service Agreement.
- operate within approved operating and capital budgets, achieve service activity volumes, and other performance and service objectives required under the annual Service Agreement.

The Secretary, as the delegate of the Minister under section 127(4) of the *Health Services Act 1997*, and as the accountable authority of the Health Administration Corporation (HAC), has determined that each PHE must comply with the requirements of:

- the Accounts and Audit Determination for Public Health Entities in NSW
- the NSW Health Accounting Policy Manual
- the <u>Australian Accounting Standards Board pronouncements</u>, where applicable to the public sector
- any directions, policy directives, information bulletins, guidelines, manuals and any other policies or procedures issued or approved by the Health Secretary or Minister.

Under the Accounts and Audit Determination, the Chief Executive and Board (if applicable) of a PHE must ensure:

- the proper performance of the PHE's accounting procedures including the adequacy of internal controls
- the accuracy of the PHE's accounting, financial and other records
- the proper compilation and accuracy of the PHE's statistical records
- observance of the directions and requirements of the Secretary and the Ministry of Health set out in policy directives and procedure manuals issued by the Minister, the Secretary, and the Ministry of Health.

PHEs must operate within the <u>NSW Health Performance Framework.</u> Financial sustainability should be viewed from both a short and long-term perspective. Short-term indicators show the ability of an entity to sustain sufficient liquidity over the short term, while long-term indicators have a strategic focus such as an ability to continue funding asset replacement programs.

Income arising from contributions such as appropriations should be treated as a government grant by a PHE when the cash is applied. The Commonwealth contributions under the National Health Reform Agreement for activity based and block funding are recognised as own source revenue by Local Health Districts and Specialty Health Networks (LHDs/SHNs).

1.2 Purpose

This policy document outlines the requirements and provides guidance to ensure that Conditions of Subsidy requirements under the <u>Health Services Act 1997</u> and other relevant NSW Health policy requirements are met. This policy document outlines requirements and expectations in relation to financial matters including accountability, budget and liquidity management, Auditor-General compliance, taxation, superannuation, and leave.

The key principles in this document, will:

- assist PHEs to comply with the Health Services Act 1997 and respective Service Agreements
- enable appropriate reporting on key financial and non-financial information in relation to the subsidies (Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements)
- provide guidance to PHEs on financial reporting requirements to ensure policy compliance
- provide guidance to PHEs to promote and enhance consistency of reporting between PHEs.

Section 1 Background / When and how to use this policy

PHEs are required to comply with these guidelines and policy directives as these represent best practice and ensure compliance with statutory and legislative policy requirements across NSW Health.

The *Health Services Act 1997* is the principal act regulating the governance and management of the public health system in NSW. The Act establishes the NSW public health system as comprising of:

- Local Health Districts
- Statutory Health Corporations, including board, chief executive and network governed Statutory Health Corporations
- Affiliated Health Organisations (with respect to their recognised services)
- the Secretary, NSW Health, with respect to ambulance services and other services to support the public health system.

In the context of this policy, Public Health Entities (PHEs) refers to Local Health Districts, Statutory Health Corporations, and services provided by Health Administration Corporation as incorporated by the <u>Health Administration Act 1982</u>. This excludes Affiliated Health Organisation and other NSW Government entities within the Health portfolio such as St Vincent's Health Network, Health Care Complaints Commission, Mental Health Review Tribunal, Health Professionals Councils, and Mental Health Commission of NSW.

1.3 When and how to use this policy

This policy document should be read in conjunction with the documents listed in section **1.1 Background**.

This suite of documents should be understood by each Chief Executive, Director of Finance, and their direct reports:

- as a requirement of receiving government grants from the Ministry of Health
- · to comply with mandatory reporting requirements
- to ensure consistency in financial reporting and statutory compliance across the NSW public health system
- to ensure appropriate governance and compliance of each PHE's financial performance and balance sheet position.

1.4 Policy review and control

Issue Date	18 June 2024
Revised Date	17 June 2024
Author	Executive Director System Financial Performance and Deputy Chief Financial Officer

New Sections:

- Table 5: Annual Requirements Fringe Benefits Tax Reporting
- 3.2.1 Confirmation of Forward Year Initial Budget Estimates
- 3.2.7 Financial Recovery Plans
- 3.7.8 Shared Services Subsidy Funding Reconciliation

Updates:

Key Changes to 30 June 2025 policy document

- 3.2.4 Budget Administration to reflect that the account breakdown for Budget Supplementation to Health Entities practices are now business-as-usual.
- 3.2.6 Forecasting to reflect forecast certification requirements for November as well as April.
- 3.5.2 Purchase Order Compliance to refer to Travel and Accommodation guidance paper.
- 3.7.4 Taxation and Superannuation includes detailed information on requirements.
- 3.7.9 Affiliated Health Organisations to include reporting requirements for AHOs.
- Monthly Performance Narratives now referred to as Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports.
- Updated references to relevant policy, procedural and governance documents.

1.5 Non-compliance with this policy

The requirement to comply with the various Conditions of Subsidy is outlined in the annual Service Agreements between NSW Health and NSW Health Public Health Entities (PHEs). These Service Agreements are a central component of the NSW Health Performance Framework. The Conditions of Subsidy requirements outlined in this policy document should therefore be read in conjunction with the annual Service Agreement and with knowledge of the NSW Health Performance Framework.

Where requirements are not complied with or key performance metrics are not met, the Ministry of Health will consider these as part of the quarterly performance review meetings with the CE and senior management team for each PHE. Where a performance issue is identified, the frequency of meetings may be increased until the issue is resolved.

1.6 Escalation requirements

Interpretations of the provisions of this guidance paper that are unclear or not specifically addressed should be discussed in writing with the Deputy Chief Financial Officer in the first instance or otherwise the Deputy Secretary and Chief Financial Officer of NSW Health.



Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements

2.1 Annual Requirements

As part of the conditions of subsidy, it is the responsibility of the Chief Executive and Director of Finance of each PHE to ensure that the following are submitted **by the below due dates**.

Annual Statutory Reporting Timeline

8 Nov 24 SR1: Updates on FY24 Management Letter issues & AG recommendations

Mar 25 SR3: Key management personnel questionnaires issued

10 Apr 25 SR5: Draft FS to MoH (Early Close) 10 Jul 25 SR7: Draft financial statements to MoH (30 June 2025) 1 Aug 25 SR9: Internal control questionnaire and signed certification SR10: CE Endorsed Appendix J: Consultancy Expenses













Jan 25 SR2: Updates on FY24 Management Letter issues & AG recommendations 28 Mar 25 SR4: Updates on FY24 Management Letter issues & AG recommendations 17 Apr 25 SR6: Endorsed FS to the AO (Early Close)

18 Jul 25 SR8: Endorsed FS to the AO (30 June 2025)

12 Sept 25 SR11: Copy of AO Statutory Audit and Client Service Reports

Table 1: Annual Requirements - Statutory Reporting

Annual Requirements – Statutory Reporting		Due Date
SR1 : Submit progress updates to Audit and Risk Committee in relation to FY24 Management Letter issues and the status of Auditor-General recommendations.		8 Nov 2024
ARC has reviewed all matters raised by the auditors and remediation plans.		
SR2 : Submit progress updates to ARC in relation to FY24 Management Letter issues and the status of Auditor-General recommendations.	CE	Jan 2025
ARC has reviewed all matters raised by the auditors and remediation plans.		
SR3: Complete key management personnel questionnaires		Mar Milestone Report

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements / Annual Requirements

SR4: Submit progress updates to ARC in relation to FY24 Management Letter issues and the status of Auditor-General recommendations. ARC has reviewed all matters raised by the auditors and remediation plans.		28 Mar 2025
SR5: Submit draft financial statements to MoH (Early Close)		10 Apr 2025
Any required changes must be endorsed by the MoH Financial Accounting team.		10 / (p. 2020
SR6: Submit endorsed financial statements to the Audit Office (Early Close)	DoF	10-17 Apr 2025
SR7: Submit draft financial statements to MoH (30 June 2025)		10 Jul 2025
SR8: Submit endorsed financial statements to the Audit Office (30 June 2025) Cascading certification required as part of June Milestone Report (see MN1 in Table 7: Monthly Requirements – Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports)	CE and DoF	To ARC between 10 to 18 July 2025
SR9: Submit Internal control questionnaire and signed certification over the Effectiveness of Internal Controls over Financial Information (TPG24-08)		1 Aug 2025
SR10: Submit Chief Executive endorsed Appendix J: Consultancy Expenses as part of the Milestone Report (for inclusion in Annual Report).	DoF	1 Aug 2025
SR11 : Copy of Audit Office Statutory Audit Reports and Client Service Reports submitted to be submitted to Ministry of Health Financial Accounting team.	DoF	12 Sep 2025

Refer to 3.1 Statutory Reporting and Audit Compliance for application guidance.

Annual Budgeting, Forecasting and EIP Timeline

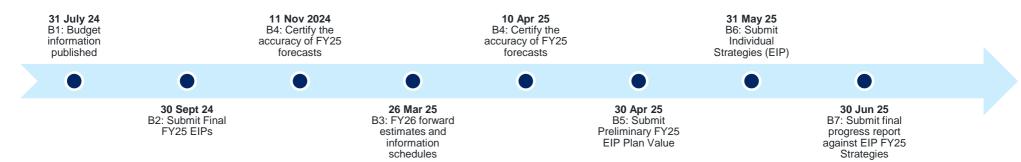


Table 2: Annual Requirements - Budgeting, Forecasting and EIP

Annual Requirements – Budget	Application guidance	Due Date
B1 : Publish FY25 Budget information on internet and notice boards. Refer to Appendix F and Appendix G for the required templates. Source data is to be from BTS.	3.2 Budgeting, Forecasting & EIPs	31 July 2024
B2: Submit individual efficiency strategies (EIPs) to EIST to meet final EIP target for FY25.	3.2.8 Efficiency Improvement Plans	30 Sep 2024
B3: Submit FY26 forward estimates and completed templates to MoH	3.2.1 Confirmation of Forward Year Initial Budget Estimates	26 Mar 2025
B4 : Certify the accuracy of FY25 forecasts. See Appendix E .	3.2.6 Forecasting	11 November 2024 & 10 Apr 2025
B5: Submit a summary of initiatives to EIST to meet preliminary efficiency target (EIP Plan). This applies to planning for the following financial year 2025-26.		30 Apr 2025
B6: Submit individual strategies to EIST to meet preliminary efficiency target (EIP). This applies to planning for the following financial year 2025-26.	3.2.8 Efficiency Improvement Plans	31 May 2025
B7: Submit final progress report against EIP strategies for FY25 via KEY		30 Jun 2025

The PHE owner for all requirements is the Chief Executive, apart from B7 which is co-owned by the Director of Finance.

Templates to publish B1 will be made available to PHEs for the FY25 Budget.

Submissions B2, B5 and B6 are to be made through provided templates; B7 to be made through KEY.

Annual Capital Submissions Timeline



Table 3: Annual Requirements - Capital

Annual Requirements – Capital	Due Date
C1: Locally funded initiative (LFI) submissions due to MoH	14 Jun 2024
C2: Rollover confirmations returns due	Early Aug 2024
C3: Major Capital Program rebalance (for Treasury Half Year Review) (Health Infrastructure, eHealth, Ambulance only)	TBC
C4: Submit mid-year return	Early Feb 2025
C5: Major Capital Program final forecast position (for 2025-26 budget process)	Mid Mar 2025
C6: Critical 2024-25 LFI submissions for urgent works due	17 Apr 2025
C7: Submit final budget variations	24 Apr 2025
C8: Final line-item adjustment requests due	20 Jun 2025
C9: Capital investment proposals due to inform the 2026-27 budget	27 June 2025
C10: 2025-26 new LFI submissions due	13 Jun 2025

Templates for submissions will be provided via email and submission to be to MOH-CapitalReporting@health.nsw.gov.au. The dates for submission are subject to change. The PHE owner for all requirements is the Director of Finance.

Refer to 3.3 Capital for application guidance.

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements / Annual Requirements

Table 4: Annual Requirements - Revenue

Annual Requirements - Revenue	Key Performance metric	Due Date
R1: Submit a register of all Visiting Medical Officers (VMOs) including: Speciality Current licence agreement details, including date, rates, etc. Details of out-of-pocket expenses for inpatients	PHE has a standard licence agreement in place with all VMOs and has a register of out-of-pocket arrangements	
R2: Submit a report/organisational chart by facility detailing the total FTE for PLOs or PLO like roles and revenue roles including front and back office. Provide the hours of operation and week/weekend coverage. Provide number of vacant roles.	Demonstrate appropriate staffing levels to maximise patient fees revenue.	
R3: Certify that there are clinician engagement plans and own source revenue plans in place.	PHE has suitable documentation to support own source revenue improvement	15 Nov 24
R4: Certify that there are sufficient processes in place to ensure strong governance of inpatient and outpatient billing compliance in line with relevant legislation and policy. For example, the use of DB4s, informed financial consent, Inpatient Election forms etc.	Demonstrate suitable processes are in place to monitor billing compliance.	
R5: Certify that clinicians receive adequate onboarding training and information about rights of private practice (ROPP) billing and continued support.	Demonstrate onboarding processes for all clinicians to receive resources to ensure maximisation of compliant billing.	
R6: Certify that suitable and relevant training is in place for all aspects of own source revenue for new and existing staff.	PHE has training plans and schedules covering all aspects of own source revenue to maintain strong governance and maximise revenue.	

Refer to **Own Sources of Revenue** for application guidance. PHE owner for all requirements is the Director of Finance Templates will be provided for supporting information which should be uploaded to LHD SharePoint folder.

Annual Fringe Benefits Tax Reporting Timeline

28 April 25 FBT1: Submit Private usage of fleet vehicles data incl SG Fleet report Apr-May 2025 FBT3: Submit status updates within FBT Automation Tool

FBT
Return
and work
papers at
Health
Entity level

18 Jun 25 FBT6: Submit responses to final consolidation questions 23 Jun 25
Reportable Fringe
Benefit Amounts
finalised &
distributed to
Payroll





















30 April 25 FBT2: Submit non-salary packaging benefits data 30 May 25 FBT4: Complete all validation questions within FBT Automation Tool

11 Jun 25 FBT5: Submit FBT return endorsed by DoF or submit further changes 20 Jun 25 Lodgement of consolidated FBT return 25 Jul 25 Submit opportunities to reduce FBT from review of Liability allocation report

Table 5: Annual Requirements - Fringe Benefits Tax Reporting

Annual Requirements – Statutory Reporting	PHE owner	Due Date
FBT1: Submit Private usage of fleet vehicles data including SG Fleet report for year ended 31 March 2025.		28 Apr 2025
FBT2 : Submit non-salary packaging benefits or incentives provided to employees during the year ended 31 March 2025.		30 Apr 2025
Includes staff accommodation, relocation costs, visa costs.		
FBT3: Submit status updates within FBT Automation Tool in relation to health entity progress of the FBT review.		April - May 2025
Raise any issues that have been identified to the Ministry of Health Tax and Superannuation team.		
FBT4 : Complete all FBT validation questions within the FBT Automation Tool per milestones communicated by Ministry of Health Tax and Superannuation team and respond to any questions from external tax advisor in a timely manner.		To FBT Automation Tool between 28 Apr – 30 May 2025
FBT5: Submit FBT return endorsed by DoF or alternatively submit further changes to the Ministry of Health Tax and Superannuation team.		11 Jun 2025
Any required changes must be endorsed by the Ministry of Health Tax and Superannuation team.		
FBT6 : Submit responses in respect of any final consolidation questions from Ministry of Health Tax and Superannuation team.		18 Jun 2025

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements / Annual Requirements

Any required changes must be endorsed by the Ministry of Health Tax and Superannuation team.		
FBT7: Submit opportunities to reduce FBT from review of Liability allocation report		25 Jul 2025

Refer to **3.7.4 Taxation and Superannuation** for application guidance.

Templates for submissions will be provided via email and submission to MOH-Tax@health.nsw.gov.au. The dates for submission are subject to change. The PHE owner for all requirements is the Director of Finance.

Templates will be provided for supporting information which should be uploaded to LHD SharePoint folder.

Table 6: Annual Requirements - Other Annual Obligations

Annual Requirements – Other Annual Obligations					
Annual Requirements – Other Annual Obligations	Reporting format to Ministry Key Performance metric		Application guidance	Due Date	
O1: Submit local Strategic Asset Management Plans (SAMPs) and Asset Management Plans (AMPs)	Email: MOH- AssetManagement@health.nsw.gov.au	Deliverable		1 Jul 2024	
O2: Submission of the SA KPI: Capital renewal as a proportion of asset replacement (%) O3: Submission of the SA KPI: Asset maintenance expenditure as a proportion of asset replacement (%) O4: Submission of the SA KPI: Passenger Vehicle Fleet Optimisation (% Cost Reduction)	Quarterly - in the Monthly Performance and Strategy Report is a Financial KPI	N/A On an annual basis, a 3% reduction in the total net passenger fleet operational costs from the previous reporting period	- 3.4 Asset Management	Sep 2024 (Q1) Dec 2024 (Q2) Mar 2025 (Q3)	
O5: Submission of the SA KPI: Energy efficiency and renewable energy project implementation (%)	Email: MOH- AssetManagement@health.nsw.gov.au Report format is to be communicated separately and performance against SA will be assessed bi-annually, however interim progress reports will be required quarterly.	The total amount of energy use that will be avoided each year represented as a % of the total consumption in the baseline year (FY2023-24), is at least 1.5%		Jun 2025 (Q4)	
O6: Submission of local NSW Health Asset Management Framework Implementation Plans	Email: MOH- AssetManagement@health.nsw.gov.au	Deliverable	3.4 Asset Management	Annually (31 Dec 2024)	
07: Complete local annual asset management maturity assessment	Submission to Ministry of Health's Asset Management Branch		management	Annually (31 Mar 2025)	
08: Submit Act of Grace and Gifts of Government Property Registers	Email: MOH- HealthFinReporting@health.nsw.gov.au	N/A	3.7.7 Compliance With Laws, Regulations and Applicable NSW Treasury	Annually (31 Jan 2025)	

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements / Annual Requirements

Annual Requirements – Other Annual Obligations	Reporting format to Ministry	Key Performance metric	Application guidance	Due Date
			Circulars and Directives	
09: Submit clinical costing data via the District and Network Return (DNR)	Submission to the Activity Based Management Branch, Financial Services and Asset Management, MoH.	N/A	3.7.3 Clinical Costing Data (District and Network Return)	Annually (full year) – Oct 2024 Quarterly submissions (within three months after quarter end)
O10: Shared Services submit subsidy funding reconciliation (2024-25 allocation and 2023-24 reconciliation)	Submission to the Financial Management Reporting and Systems Team, Financial Services and Asset Management, MoH. Report format is to be communicated separately	N/A	3.7.8 Shared Services Subsidy Funding Reconciliation	19 Jul 2024

PHE owner for all requirements is the Chief Executive.

Performance metrics O2 and O3 are outlined in the 2024-25 annual Service Agreement. These performance metrics and associated reporting requirements are a Condition of Subsidy and explanatory guidance is therefore included in this policy document.

The performance metric and submission dates for O4 and O5 is subject to change and will be communicated by the Asset Information and Sustainability Team, Ministry of Health.

2.2 Monthly requirements

As part of the Conditions of Subsidy, it is the responsibility of the CE and/or DoF of each PHE to ensure that the following are submitted on time and where applicable, performance metrics outlined in the table below are complied with.

Table 7: Monthly Requirements - Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports

Monthly Requirements – Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports	Reporting format to Ministry	PHE owner	Key performance metric	Application guidance	Due Date
MN1: Submit Monthly Milestone Report and Management Certification	Submission is via completion of the tasks in Financial Task Manager (and Appendix B)	DoF	N/A		WD10
MN2 : Submit monthly Performance and Strategy Report	Submission is the completion of the Monthly Performance & Strategy Report to MoH Finance (see Appendix C)	CE, DoF	 As outlined in the SA: The variance percentage of Actuals versus Budget – General Fund for Expenditure, Own Source Revenue and NCOS³ should be on budget or favourable. Variance percentage of Actuals to Budget for RFA Expenditure and Revenue YTD performance to plan for FTE, separations, and National Weighted Average Unit YTD performance against planned EIPs Asset Management and Sustainability performance as per SA. 	3.7 Other Financial Reporting Guidance	WD4
MN3: Submit monthly Capital Narrative	Submission is the completion of the Monthly Capital Narrative to MoH Finance (e.g. see Appendix D)		Variance explanations are required for: Any variances of Full Year Forecast versus Budget.		

³ For Shared Services Net Result replaces NCOS

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements / Monthly requirements

Monthly Requirements – Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports	Reporting format to Ministry	PHE owner	Key performance metric	Application guidance	Due Date
MN4: Update EIP Monthly Milestones and EIP full year forecasts	KEY software		 Key performance metrics are: EIP Actual performance YTD versus EIP Plan YTD is favourable. EIP full year forecast performance versus EIP target is favourable. 	3.2.8 Efficiency Improvement Plans	WD6

Table 8: Monthly Requirements - Balance Sheet and Other Reporting

Monthly Requirements – Balance Sheet and Other Reporting	PHE owner	Key performance metric	Application guidance
BS1: Leave entitlement reporting		 Number of employees with ADOs > 3 days does not increase more than 5% monthly. Where the average ADO balance as of 30 June 2023 is greater than 3 days, the average ADO balance of the employees should show a reduction of at least 10% by 31 December 2024 	3.7.5 Leave Entitlement and Allocated Days Off (ADOs)
BS2: Direct debit reporting	DoF	No direct debit payments are made other than as authorised by the CFO	3.6 Cash, Banking, and Liquidity Management
BS3: Vendor reporting		PHEs maintain 100% compliance with all NSW Government Policies and terms to ensure payment of vendors within timeframes specified including small vendors.	3.6.3 Aged Creditors
BS4: Aged debtor reporting		 On a monthly basis: patient fees debtor balance greater than 120 days as a percentage of total patient fees debtors is less than 20% sundry debtor balance greater than 120 days as a percentage of total sundry debtors is less than 10% 	3.6.2 Aged Debtors
BS5: Procurement savings target	PHEs only: CE/DoF	 On a monthly basis the actual YTD procurement savings achieved (\$) as a percentage of Target YTD procurement savings (\$) is equal or greater than 95%. 	3.5 Procurement

All requirements are due on working day four. Submission is via the Monthly Performance and Strategy Report.

Performance metric BS5 is outlined in the 2024-25 annual Service Agreement. The performance metric and associated reporting requirement is a Condition of Subsidy and explanatory guidance is therefore included in this policy document.

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements / Monthly requirements

Table 9: Monthly Requirements – Forecasting

Monthly Requirements – Forecasting	Reporting format to Ministry	PHE owner	Application guidance	Due Date
F1: Submit outstanding budget supplementations	Budget Transaction System	3.2 Budgeting, Forecasting & FIPs		To be communicated separately
F2 : Submit daily estimates reporting on the daily cash flow forecasts for actual cash inflows and outflows	DoF		3.6 Cash, Banking,	10 AM Daily
F3 : Submit detailed daily cash inflow and outflow projections each month, for the following twelve months (2 months daily, 10 months monthly)	State-wide Cash Forecasting System		and Liquidity Management	Monthly
F4: Finalise and submit Monthly Forecasts	SMRS	CE, DoF	3.2.6 Forecasting	WD3
F5: Update EIP full year forecasts	KEY software	CE, DoF	3.2.8 Efficiency Improvement Plans	WD6

Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements / Monthly requirements

Table 10: Monthly Requirements - Revenue

Monthly Requirements – Revenue	Reporting format to Ministry	PHE owner	Key performance metric	Application guidance	Due Date
RM1: Reporting of private health insurance conversion rate for inpatients			 85% Target, and Equal to or greater than the previous month 		
RM2 : Reporting of private health insurance identification rate for inpatients	Submission is included within Monthly Performance and Strategy Report		Equal to or greater than the previous month		WD4
RM3: Reporting of total percentage of chargeable Staff Specialist services without billing (per the Revenue Portal)	Strategy Report		 Less than 10%, and Equal to or less than the previous month 	Own Sources of Revenue	
RM4: Monitor and immediately report any Medicare compliance activity to the Ministry and keep the Ministry updated as to the progress of all compliance action	Email: MOH- Revenue@health.nsw.gov.au	DoF	Compliance concerns immediately escalated		Ongoing
RM5: Report to monitor and analyse level of debt for inpatient fees including volume of write off	Submission is included within Monthly Performance and Strategy Report		On a monthly basis, patient fees debtor balance greater than 120 days as a percentage of total patient fees debtors is less than 20% (BS4 in Table 8: Monthly Requirements – Balance Sheet and Other Reporting)	3.6.2 Aged Debtors	WD4
RM6: Monitor and report any issues relating to variance with Commonwealth contributions for National Health Reform Agreement	Submission is included within Monthly Performance and Strategy Report		Variance is to be discussed at performance meetings	Own Sources of Revenue	Ongoing



Application Guidance

Section 3 Application Guidance

3.1 Statutory Reporting and Audit Compliance

It is a Condition of Subsidy that:

- PHEs must submit all required returns and lodgements as per Table 1: Annual Requirements Statutory Reporting.
- PHEs respond to the audit management letters in a timely manner (with formal updates required in line with the timing outlined), responding to the matters or recommendations raised and, where required, putting measures to improve processes and practices.
- where applicable, PHEs track performance against Auditor-General Report Recommendations
 made to Parliament, with remediation plans being prepared and in place prior to the Early Close
 (Refer to Table 1: Annual Requirements Statutory Reporting) date in the following financial
 year (i.e. 2024-25 recommendations remediation plan should be in place prior to 10 April 2025).
 The Ministry of Health can request for status reports, and these should be readily available.
- local Audit and Risk Committees review matters raised by auditors and establish processes to rectify issues raised by the auditors at least once a quarter and submit updates by the end of the quarter (excluding year-end).
- ensure the Ministry of Health Financial Accounting team are advised of all administrative transfers on a timely basis.
- Chief Executives are to ensure they have processes and governance arrangements in place so there are no material misstatements or errors in the annual financial statements of their reporting entity.

Further information on the annual Certification of the Effectiveness of Internal Controls over Financial Information can be found in CFO Certification on the Internal Control Framework over Financial Systems and Information (TPG24-08). Any changes to the pro-forma financial statements must be endorsed by the Ministry of Health. Refer to the NSW Health Accounting Policy Manual which provides guidance on the preparation and presentation of its financial information and performance to ensure compliance with the Government Sector Finance Act 2018 and the Government Sector Finance Regulation 2018.

3.2 Budgeting, Forecasting & EIPs

It is a Condition of Subsidy that:

- PHEs must submit all required returns and lodgements as per:
 - Table 2: Annual Requirements Budgeting, Forecasting and EIP
 - Table 7: Monthly Requirements Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports
 - Table 9: Monthly Requirements Forecasting.
- budget allocated by PHEs for services purchased from NSW Health Pathology, eHealth NSW and HealthShare NSW agree with the volume and pricing advice provided by these entities (and, therefore, with the budgets allocated to PHEs for this purpose).
- LHDs/SHNs publish the following on its external website and notice boards no later than the
 date stipulated by the Secretary of NSW Health in the letter that accompanies the issued
 Service Agreement:
 - executed annual Service Agreement (signed by the Chair of the Board and the Secretary of NSW Health)
 - final Budget Schedule
 - Service Agreement Data Supplement documents.

Non-government organisation ('NGO') budgets will be escalated by 3.75%.

NSW Health receives growth funding each year from NSW Treasury that is used to fund:

- · system escalation
- · activity growth, including NWAU
- · new initiatives and election commitments.

3.2.1 Confirmation of Forward Year Initial Budget Estimates

System escalation calculations are based on account line-item amounts (e.g. Salaries and Wages, Goods and Services). As part of the forward estimates process, PHEs must review and confirm their future year budgets' accuracy and submit adjustment requests to reallocate budget within account line items where appropriate. This will ensure that budgets are in the correct category for escalation calculation.

3.2.2 Initial Budget Guidance

The Budget Schedule of the Service Agreement advises the initial expenditure and revenue budgets (inclusive of government grants), contributions under Activity Based Funding. Block funding and Commonwealth Contributions. No other variations to revenue or expense budgets are permitted.

In preparing an annual budget, PHEs should ensure appropriate consideration to balance sheet movements, such as:

- salary and wages accrual
- accumulated depreciation
- loan repayments, as per schedules
- lease liabilities, as per schedules

Section 3 Application Guidance / Budgeting, Forecasting & EIPs

- public private partnership liabilities, as per schedules
- prepayments, long term only and as per schedules
- income in advance, long term only and as per schedules
- any other relevant working capital movements.

Only salary and wages accrual and accumulated depreciation budgets are annualised. Budget for general fund cash at bank should reflect zero cash buffer only and have no net movement.

3.2.3 Budget Variations (including for NWAU Activity)

The initial expense and revenue budgets are subject to variation only through supplementations or other directives approved by the Ministry of Health or through line-item adjustments initiated by reporting entities.

Health Entities are funded to undertake NWAU activity outlined in the Service Agreement and should not expect additional expenditure budget where NWAU exceeds targeted volume.

An outstanding supplementation may be entered into BTS by the PHE when there is an approved budget variation that has yet to be transacted in BTS. The PHE should seek approval of the Deputy CFO in the first instance. The Ministry of Health will review the outstanding supplementations monthly for appropriateness and request the PHE to remove any unapproved supplementations. Once the budget variation is formally processed by the Ministry of Health in the BTS, the outstanding supplementation must be reversed. Under no circumstances should an outstanding supplementation which increases or decreases the approved 2024-25 budget be entered into the BTS without formal Ministry of Health approval. All outstanding supplementations are required to balance to zero by total or be removed from BTS on 30 June of each year.

Subsequent balance sheet movements will be assessed by the Ministry's Funds Management and Reporting Systems team as required, for example:

Asset	Assessment Details
Cash at Bank	General Fund - should be reported as zero as no funds should be held locally. Restricted Financial Assets – movement in expected closing balances.
Debtors	Will be reviewed at the end of the financial year. Any approved budget movements will be reversed the following year.
Inventories	Budget may be provided where the Ministry has approved the increase in inventory holdings.
Prepayments	Long term (> 1 year) prepayments need to be provided as a schedule and included as part of the forward estimates. Material movements between financial years may receive budget, with the budget reversed in the following year.
Accumulated Depreciation	Will be reviewed during the year by the Ministry's Financial Accounting Team.
Capital Programs	Will be reviewed during the year by the Ministry's Treasury & Capital Reporting Team.
Assets - Lease	For new leases, a budget will be provided at the end of each quarter.

3.2.4 Budget Administration

Budgets and expenditure and revenue forecasts must be recorded in SMRS within cost centres using relevant account codes. Budgets and forecasts are to be phased across months in the year to show expected financial trends. The appropriateness of budget phasing will be monitored through the Monthly Performance & Strategy Report and discussed during NSW Health Performance Framework meetings with PHEs.

Account Breakdown for Budget Supplementation to Health Entities

Budget supplementations will be allocated to Health entities across Salaries and Wages, Goods and Services, and Repairs and Maintenance accounts to accurately reflect actual health system costs. This will ensure adequate consideration is made towards the full range of costs PHEs face in program delivery. The default allocation guide is outlined below, and this may vary based on the relevant program. PHEs will continue to have the autonomy to redistribute amongst accounts as required. Funding allocations should be considered in line with the following distributions:

- Salaries & Wages (including on-costs): 73.0%
- Goods & Services: 23.2%
- Repairs, Maintenance & Replacements: 2.0%
- Intra-health (Shared Services): 1.8%

*On-costs will vary depending on the relevant workforce group. However, standard considerations include 11.5% for Superannuation (increasing to 12% by July 2025), 1.3% for workers compensation, and 1.35% for annual leave loading (Crown employees only).

Intra-Health Budgets

Intra-Health Budgets have been set according to the new Shared Services Pricing Model Governance Framework for 2024-25. This framework sets out the expectations and aims to increase consistency and transparency across the shared services pricing model governance. The level maturity and detail of the of the pricing models of HealthShare NSW, eHealth NSW and NSW Health Pathology will improve over time.

PHEs should ensure that intra-Health monthly budgets are in line with the 2024-25 intra-Health budget schedules distributed by the Ministry. Expenditure and revenue budgets are each consolidated across the state and reported at the state level. Therefore, PHEs must ensure lineitem transfers remain within gross expense and revenue limits and changes between budget expense and revenue budget classes do not occur without prior written approval from the Ministry of Health.

Intra-Health changes to budgets must follow the same rules for actual intra-Health transactions using the one-for-one mapping or same account with the other party to the charge. Intra-health charges and revenues must be eliminated on consolidation across NSW Health. Therefore, it is required that any changes be reflected in the budgets of both parties to the charge.

3.2.5 Capital Asset Charge

The capital asset charge (CAC):

- ensures that prices for goods and services produced by PHEs reflect the full costs of production
- allows comparison of the costs of output production with those of other producers (whether in the public or private sector)

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 creates an incentive for PHEs to make proper use of working capital and to dispose of surplus fixed assets.

Nominated business unit entities (specifically, NSW Health Pathology, HealthShare and eHealth) incorporate a charge for capital assets in their pricing methodologies as part of their business model. This capital charge applies to all customers (including LHDs and SHNs, all NSW Health entities and other organisations external to NSW Health). In such cases, they are to establish and maintain designated RFA Funds for the purpose of accumulating such component charges annually, as a source of funds for future capital purchases and renewal (as per section 3.10 of the Accounts and Audit Determination for Public Health Entities in NSW).

Any funds accumulated in these RFA cost centres and held as cash at bank must reconcile to the charging methodology, as well as the relevant billing records. Additionally, the business units must provide a forward (three year) capital budget forecast that aligns with estimated use of locally funded initiative capital programs.

The eHealth CAC operates specifically as follows:

PHEs are required to contribute the CAC to the RFA Fund managed by eHealth NSW. eHealth will send an annual invoice to PHEs for this charge, covering the entire fiscal year allocation.

The CAC amount is determined as 0.17% of the budgeted written down value of PHEs' controlled non-current physical assets, excluding exempt assets as listed in the CAC Circular from eHealth NSW.

Each year, eHealth NSW will propose a CAC rate for the next fiscal year to the Ministry of Health, based on the latest inflation and interest rate forecasts.

The CAC Circular undergoes periodic review by Deputy Secretary Financial Services and Asset Management and Chief Financial Officer, NSW Health and the Chief Executive, eHealth NSW.

Capital-intensive PHEs must demonstrate efficient input usage in output production before the Ministry of Health will support a business case for reduced capital charges. This requires evidence of efficient input usage.

PHEs with Memorandum Accounts must provide their account balances to eHealth NSW as of 30 June, enabling adjustments to their CAC invoices for accumulated surpluses and deficits.

eHealth NSW will conduct compliance checks on PHEs, in alignment with RFA Fund conditions and directions from the Secretary of NSW Health. Failure to meet requirements may result in additional CAC levies, determined by key officials from NSW Health and eHealth NSW.

3.2.6 Forecasting

As outlined in:

- Table 2: Annual Requirements Budgeting, Forecasting and EIP
- Table 7: Monthly Requirements Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports
- Table 9: Monthly Requirements Forecasting

PHEs must review their monthly financial results and provide considered forecasts (expenditure, own source revenue and balance sheet) at an appropriate account, fund entity and cost centre level. This ensures transparency and accountability for managers. This disaggregated monthly review will ensure appropriate insights are gained to complete the Monthly Performance & Strategy Report). It is expected that budgets and forecasts reflect cyclical and seasonal trends with respect to the delivery of most health programs.

In line with **Table 2: Annual Requirements – Budgeting, Forecasting and EIP,** PHEs are required to submit and certify the full year FY25 forecast as at November 2024 and April 2025 for purposes of NSW Treasury reporting. This requirement is to ensure that an appropriate level of

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governance is operating at the PHE to minimise any forecast variances at the end of the financial year and ensure variances are appropriately managed. Aggregated FY25 forecasts are provided to NSW Treasury and are subject to review. Any revisions may be necessary as notified by Ministry of Health.

3.2.7 Financial Recovery Plans

The Ministry may require a Health Entity to prepare and implement a Financial Recovery Plan. Districts have the autonomy to prepare the Plan in the format that best suits the way they wish to convey the issues and associated recovery management. However, minimum required detail comprises:

- a. An excel document that forecasts expenditure and revenue results at aggregated account line by month along with quantum of expenditure and revenue improvement strategies at aggregated account line by month. Calculations of Affordable FTE⁴.
- b. A Word document that explains:
 - current financial position of the PHE's,
 - current operational, workforce and financial pressures,
 - nature of the recovery strategies being proposed, quantum of expected savings and risk rating for implementation,
 - how recommendations from previous Recovery Reviews are being addressed,
 - setting of Affordable FTE and a glide path over the life of the Plan to reach that target,
 - projected expenditure, revenue and NCOS results by month and in particular at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2026. Please note that these projections would be subject to subsequent discussion and negotiation with MoH following submission of the Recovery Plan.

The Word document should be crisp and not be overly lengthy (15 pages or less).

3.2.8 Efficiency Improvement Plans

PHEs, in partnership with the Ministry's Efficiency Improvement and Support Team and Financial Services and Asset Management Division, are required to develop efficiency improvement plans (EIPs). These plans assist Health entities to manage cost pressures and balance operational needs whilst meeting Service Agreement obligations on an annual basis.

This plan represents the value of all saving measures required to deliver all service requirements. This should account for:

- any underlying deficits carried forward from 2023-24
- efficiency dividends
- the impact of the marginal price
- operational costs outside the budget envelope
- any activity benefits (as per Budget Schedule)
- strategic investment plans while achieving budget performance.

⁴ After budgeting for contracted and statutory obligations and expected expenditure in Repairs and Maintenance, Goods and Services, and VMOs; the remaining budget for employee related expenditure (covering all salaries and wages, overtime, annual leave, superannuation, agency/backfill, workers compensation premium etc.) is divided by average cost per FTE to derive Affordable FTE.

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The plan is broken down into individual strategies, each of which focuses on improvements or savings in either Revenue or Expenditure. Productivity strategies may also be included in the PHE's overall Efficiency Improvement Plan. Revenue improvement requirements are identified in the Budget Schedule of the annual Service Agreement. Please also refer to **Table 4: Annual Requirements** – **Revenue**.

Strategies to address expenses may include improved management of staff and rosters as well as direct savings from procurement and other initiatives.

These strategies are to be documented as EIPs approved by the PHE's Director of Finance and submitted through to the Ministry's Efficiency Improvement and Support Team in the provided Excel templates. The Efficiency Improvement and Support Team will conduct a quality assurance review on every EIP prior to it being endorsed and uploaded into the Ministry's electronic database KEY.

As outlined in **Table 7: Monthly Requirements – Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports**, PHEs are required to monitor and report on the progress of these strategies in KEY as part of their monthly financial reporting processes. It is a condition of Subsidy that EIP actuals and EIP full year forecasts are updated on a monthly basis. The Year-to-Date actuals for expenditure and revenue EIPs must have a direct correlation to the PHE's general ledger. PHEs are accountable to provide accurate financial reporting and substantiation, in the form of SMRS extracts as at the end of the quarterly reporting period. In instances where a 1:1 general ledger correlation is difficult to establish, EIP workpapers to support the alternate calculation methodology are to be submitted to the Efficiency Improvement and Support Team at the end of each quarter.

As part of the EIST enhanced quality assurance measures, the actual EIP values recorded by Health Entities into the KEY system is now subject to spot audits, as and when required.

3.3 Capital

It is a Condition of Subsidy that all PHEs submit the returns and certify the requirements as per:

- Table 3: Annual Requirements Capital
- Table 7: Monthly Requirements Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports

All new projects (including new leases) or changes in scope must be reviewed and approved through the NSW Health Facility Planning Process (GL2021_018). The Ministry of Health will not approve requests which seek retrospective approvals for completed new projects or increase in scope which did not follow the Facility Planning Process. It is imperative that all new works/scope variation requests, irrespective of funding source are submitted and approved by Ministry prior to the commencement of future new works or equipment purchases above \$250,000. Major works are classified as projects with an estimated total cost of \$250,000 or more according to NSW Treasury Circular Budget Controls – Capital Expenditure Authorisation Limits (TC12-20).

3.3.1 Locally Funded Initiatives

Locally funded initiatives exceeding \$250,000 are projects which involve the use of locally sourced PHE funds for use on capital works.

The nature of the expenditure for locally funded initiatives may include new or refurbished buildings, fit out, infrastructure or equipment to support local service delivery priorities. PHE funding sources may include bequests, donations, grants, and other Restricted Assets Funds that are held as cash at bank, or, in some cases, proceeds realised from asset sales per the NSW Health Real Property Disposal Policy (PD2012_039).

3.3.2 Minor Works and Equipment

The minor works and equipment program is for new or replacement assets and minor refurbishments with an estimated total cost more than \$10k and less than \$250,000. No portion of this program's capital subsidy or budget may be used for expenditure that is not capital in nature.

3.3.3 Capital Investment Planning

Capital investment planning meetings will be scheduled with each Health entity to discuss local investment planning, forming 'Stage 0' of the NSW Health Facility Planning Process.

As per **Table 3: Annual Requirements – Capital**, PHEs may submit capital investment proposals to the Ministry of Health to be assessed and prioritised against the three strategic alignment tests in the Statewide Investment and Prioritisation Framework. Investment proposals may then be eligible for funding consideration as part of the Ministry's 10 Year Capital Investment Strategic Plan (CISP) submitted annually to NSW in accordance with the budget process.

The Ministry's Strategic Reform and Planning Branch are available to discuss the capital investment planning process and to support the new collaborative planning approach, please email MOH-SCPU@health.nsw.gov.au.

3.3.4 Capital Expenditure Administration

No portion of the capital subsidy may be used for purposes other than the capital project for which the subsidy was paid. The Ministry of Health will only authorise the release of capital subsidy to a PHE where the capital expenditure is correctly coded against a capital project code and the appropriate expenditure general ledger account codes. The value of subsidy released by the Ministry will be determined using year-to-date capital expenditure recorded appropriately in SMRS and will not exceed the total capital subsidy budget available for the project over its lifetime.

Changes to the capital limit creates an opportunity to optimise the greater use of local funds (e.g., RFAs) where it can be demonstrated the PHE has sufficient cash available. Requests to use these funds should be made as per below:

Program Value	Contact
> \$10,000	1. MOH-CapitalReporting@health.nsw.gov.au
> \$250,000	1. MOH-SCPU@health.nsw.gov.au 2. MOH-CapitalReporting@health.nsw.gov.au

3.4 Asset Management

The Ministry of Health is actively supporting the transition from a reactive to a planned approach for NSW Health routine maintenance. Further guidance regarding future amendments and targets will be advised through various performance updates. The Ministry of Health is progressing the PHEs asset and related service capability uplift as a key focus area as part of the transition approach.

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It is a Condition of Subsidy for PHEs that:

- assets are maintained as per statutory requirements and as set out in policy directives and procedure manuals issued by the Minister, the Secretary, NSW Health, and the Ministry of Health
- assets are managed in accordance with NSW Health Asset Management policy (<u>PD2022_044</u>) including annual Chief Executive asset management attestation
- local Strategic Asset Management Plans (SAMPs) and Asset Management Plans (AMPs) are submitted as outlined in Table 6: Annual Requirements – Other Annual Obligations. NB: SAMPs are only required to be updated where significant changes to local priorities in managing clinical services apply
- other requirements are submitted as outlined in Table 6: Annual Requirements Other Annual Obligations
- at the discretion of the Ministry of Health's Asset Management Branch, further funding will be made available based on the Ministry's assessment against agreed capability performance metrics
- on an annual basis, the total amount of energy use that will be avoided each year represented as a percentage of the total consumption in the baseline year (FY2023/24) is at least 1.5%.⁵

To support the maintenance of assets (including leased assets), it is a Condition of Subsidy for LHDs and SHNs continue to implement the AFM Online software system for asset maintenance in accordance with the Whole of Government Asset Management Policy (TPP 19-07) implementation program being rolled out by the Ministry of Health.

PHEs are responsible for developing, maintaining, and progressively improving their local Strategic Asset Management Plans (SAMPs) and Asset Management Plans (AMPs). SAMPs and AMPs provide input into the development of the NSW Health Agency SAMP and AMP, including information on current and future capital investment priorities, asset maintenance and asset disposals. The PHE's SAMP and AMP should identify any potential asset gaps, maintenance requirements, critical works, and asset disposals necessary to support the ongoing delivery of services in the PHE and optimising use of local funds with alignment with the PHE's AMP.

The PHE's SAMPs and AMPs must be supported by robust and comprehensive service and strategic plans to support the need for capital investment to achieve service development priorities, and proposed changes in the local approach to health care. Importantly, there will also be a need to develop the capital investment proposals (see **3.3.3 Capital Investment Planning**) which should:

- reflect the PHE's prioritisation of proposed asset investments
- align with the long-term statewide directions in the 20-Year Health Infrastructure Strategy
- clearly describe the benefit of the investment and health outcomes expected
- demonstrate consideration of a range of procurement options, including non-asset solutions
- alignment with NSW Health's Asset Management Strategy 5 priorities and Asset Management Framework.

In accordance with the NSW Health Asset Management objective to 'Embed a statewide information system that acts as the point of truth for asset information', regular updates on the progress of the AFM Online adoption strategy and Health entity migration status will be provided to the Deputy Secretary, Financial Services and Asset Management and Chief Financial Officer.

Further guidance on certain aspects of asset management is shown below:

⁵ Local Health Districts, Sydney Children's Hospitals Network, NSW Ambulance Service, HealthShare, NSW Health Pathology

Aspect	Detail
Leases	Lease data is managed centrally via the mandated statewide Shared Services Lease Data Hub and lease registration within AFM Online. PHEs must refer new leases and requests for lease data modification to the Lease Data Hub for action and in accordance with MoH FSAM directive to lease approvals.
SAMPs & AMPs	The Financial Services and Asset Management Division and the Health System Strategy and Patient Experience Division are available to provide guidance to PHEs in the development of the Strategic Asset Management Plans (SAMPs) and Asset Management Plans (AMPs) and MoH Strategic Asset Management Branch can provide guidance to ensure alignment with asset management strategy priorities.
Property	Real property assets which do not support core government service provisions should be disposed of and the unlocked capital put to alternate use with a priority given to maintaining, improving, and extending real property assets that are key to current or future service delivery. The MoH FSAM Strategic Asset Management are available to provide guidance to individual PHEs on the disposal and acquisition of property.
Fleet	The purpose of the inclusion of the performance metric within Table 6: Annual Requirements – Other Annual Obligations is to help reduce the financial burden and optimise the use NSW Health passenger vehicle fleet and compliance with NSW Health Vehicle Procurement and Use Policy.
Energy Efficiency Performance Metric Guidance	The purpose of the inclusion of the performance metric within Table 6: Annual Requirements – Other Annual Obligations is to help reduce stationary energy consumption to achieve cost savings and achievement of NSW State's Net Zero targets.
	 To calculate the performance metric, the following should be applied: Determine baseline energy consumption (total grid) electricity, gas, non-automotive LPG) using FY2023-24 data. Convert all figures to a single unit of measurement (watt-hours or joules). Call this Value A. Guidance in calculating the baseline will be provided separately by the Ministry of Health. Determine the total annual (year one) energy savings for all projects implemented during the 2024-25 fiscal year. Convert all figures to a single unit of measurement (watt-hours or joules). Call this Value B. As an illustrative example, if a solar project was completed mid-year, an annualised assessment should be calculated at the end of the fiscal year. Determine what percentage Value B is of Value A.
	Conversion factors necessary for determining baseline (converting to a single unit of measurement, either watt-hours or joules) can be obtained from the National Greenhouse Accounts Factors, Australian Government, Department of Industry, Science, Industry and Resources.
	Scope: Local Health Districts, Sydney Children's Hospitals Network, NSW Ambulance, HealthShare NSW, NSW Health Pathology.
	The Ministry of Health's Strategic Asset Management Branch will provide guidance and a technical document to allow for routine reporting, which includes quarterly reports.

3.5 Procurement

It is a Condition of Subsidy that PHEs comply with:

• all requirements of the <u>NSW Government Procurement Policy Framework</u> and NSW Health (Goods and Services) Procurement Policy (<u>PD2024_009</u>), including Memorandum issued by the NSW Health Chief Procurement Officer as an interim measure prior to formal policy change

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- any required reporting and compliance activity as requested by the Ministry of Health that relates to procurement activity
- ensuring that purchasing guidelines and procedures are in place to support implementation and use of procurement cards within their organisation
- for PHEs only, key performance metric outlined in Table 8: Monthly Requirements Balance Sheet and Other Reporting
- on a monthly basis the actual YTD procurement savings achieved (\$) as a percentage of target YTD procurement savings (\$) is equal or greater than 95%. For further information and specific guidance refer to the Service Agreement Key Definitions document
- all procurements (contracts and purchase orders) valued over \$150,000 (incl. GST) must be disclosed on the eTenders website, in line with the requirements of the <u>Government Information</u> (Public Access) Act 2009.

Any breaches in compliance with NSW Health Procurement Policy (PD2024_009) will need to be reported to the Ministry Strategic Procurement Branch. Additionally, PHEs are required to comply with any of the Directives issued by the Treasurer, NSW Treasury, the Secretary of Health, NSW Health.

Procurement activities need to also comply with the requirements of NSW Government Financial Risk Management Policy (TPP21-14) in particular foreign exchange risk including foreign exchange hedging. These requirements are included in the NSW Health Procurement Policy (PD2024_009) at 8.6 Foreign exchange risks.

3.5.1 Procurement Cards (PCards)

Treasury policy mandates that PCards must be adopted, where viable, for transactions up to \$10,000 where payments are low value, ad hoc or irregular in nature. The current relevant Directives are:

- Treasury Policy and Guideline: Management of NSW Government Payments (TPG24-01)
- Treasury Policy and Guideline: Use and Management of NSW Govt Purchasing Cards (<u>TPP21-02</u>)
- NSW Health Policy Determination: Procurement Cards within NSW Health (<u>PD2022_038</u>) Under PD2022_038, Chief Executives of PHEs are responsible for:
- ensuring the adoption of Procurement Cards and Virtual Procurement Cards, for purchase of goods and services up to \$10,000
- ensuring that purchasing guidelines and procedures are in place to support implementation and use of PCards within their organisation and that the guidelines and procedures are consistent with the Directive
- determining those roles within the organisation authorised to be issued with a PCard including that the hold appropriate delegation and undertake functions requiring the use of a PCard
- ensuring PCards are used according to the conditions and requirements of the Directive
- developing an annual audit program of PCards in accordance with Section 4.1 of the Directive.

3.5.2 Purchase Order Compliance

It is a requirement that purchase orders be used for the procurement of most goods and services. Compliance with this requirement is monitored by HealthShare NSW and reported monthly for defined services categories. Purchase orders must be coded to the correct GL accounts and

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ensure that full and accurate information is provided to reflect the procurement undertaken.

Where non purchase order invoices are unavoidable, PHEs must utilise HealthShare's invoice scanning system to load and reroute the invoice in StaffLink to gain the appropriate PHE approvals as per the PHEs delegation manual.

HealthShare may charge PHEs an additional fee per invoice for non-purchase order invoices requiring manual processing. Purchase orders are not to be raised against other NSW Health entities, as all inter-entity charges are to be managed via the AGIS system.

Official travel must be undertaken in accordance with the Official travel must be undertaken in accordance with the NSW Health Policy Directive Official Travel (PD2016_010). Non-Training, Education and Study Leave (non-TESL) travel by Staff Specialists must be undertaken in accordance with the NSW Health Policy Directive Training, Education and Study Leave (TESL) for Staff Specialists (PD2019_043).

Travel expenses must be accurately coded to reflect the type of travel undertaken. A <u>guidance</u> paper on correctly recording travel and accommodation expenditure has been prepared.

The overseas non-TESL travel budget is calculated based on each entity's travel requirements and apportioned against available budget. Each Health entity is responsible for appropriate fiscal management of their allocated budget, including developing a travel plan which accounts for essential overseas travel (such as for medical recruitment) before any non-essential overseas travel is approved.

3.6 Cash, Banking, and Liquidity Management

It is a Condition of Subsidy that PHEs must ensure:

- submissions are lodged as per Table 8: Monthly Requirements Balance Sheet and Other Reporting
- PHEs are no longer permitted make any payments out from a local bank account with the
 exception of a direct refund of a patient billing payment via the same payment channel the
 payment was received, or where bank or merchant charges are automatically applied. All
 creditor, payroll or other payments out are to be made from the Central Creditors or Central
 Payroll bank accounts, central accounts are managed by the HealthShare Shared Services
 team.
- All sundry debtor, non-patient billing and miscellaneous receipts payments are to be received into the Central Receipting bank account. This includes all payments received by Health entities with the exception of Patient Billing payments, and Pathology Billing payments. The use of the Health Payment portal for all online sundry and miscellaneous receipt payments is mandatory other than where an exemption has been approved by Ministry of Health Cash Management team.
- All invoices and details provided to payers for making payments to NSW Health entities must be via the standard approved billing systems or have received approval from Ministry of Health Finance.
- PHEs must not quote or provide details of NSW Health bank accounts for payments unless approved by Ministry of Health Cash Management team. Details for payment via an invoice produced from an approved billing system is exempt from this requirement.
- PHEs must observe the Conditions of Use for display or use of any QR codes for taking payments for any purpose.
- PHEs authorise the Ministry of Health to request any information with respect to funds held in the name of the PHE for any banking institution they hold funds with, including any financial services, as defined in the *Government Sector Finance Act 2018*.

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- all requests for new banking and payment facilities are approved via the delegated approvers as per the <u>Combined Delegations Manual</u> – in particular 'F35 Operating Banking Accounts and Transactional Banking Services' of the Finance and Expenditure Delegations
- all financial arrangements as defined under the Government Sector Finance Act 2018 must be approved via the Combined Delegations Manual – in particular Finance and Expenditure Delegation 'F34 Entering into Financial Arrangements under the Government Sector Finance Act' relating to a borrowing, an investment, or a derivative arrangement
- All financial services, as defined under Section 6.6 of the General Sector Finance (GSF) Act
 2018, must be set up and maintained under State financial service agreements. Where the
 financial service is outside of a State financial service agreement, PHEs must apply to the
 Ministry of Health Cash Management team to request an exemption from NSW Treasury with a
 business case justifying the use the non-State financial service.

3.6.1 Cash Sweeps and Cash Buffer

All cash received by PHEs must pass through the general fund bank accounts unless the Ministry of Health has provided a specific exemption.

In consultation with the PHEs, the Ministry will regularly sweep excess cash from locally held general fund bank accounts. This transfer will be treated as a reduction in operational subsidy received and thereby increase the PHEs remaining subsidy available. To ensure accurate cash sweeps and disbursements by the Ministry, PHEs must input accurate cash forecasts, estimates, and projections into the State-wide Cash Forecasting Tool daily and monthly.

All PHEs must transfer any funds held in local Custodial Trust bank accounts which relate to settlements between general fund bank accounts, restricted financial asset funds and custodial trust funds weekly and at least two days prior to each Ministry cash sweep to ensure these are available to sweep and be settled to the central RFA and CTF bank accounts. See **3.6.4**Restricted Financial Assets and Custodial Trust Funds for further information.

Cash buffers related to the General Fund designated bank accounts remain at zero for all PHEs.

PHEs must process all general ledger transactions at least weekly where settlement of funds between general fund bank accounts, restricted financial asset funds and custodial trust funds. HealthShare funds settlements will be made weekly.

3.6.2 Aged Debtors

As outlined in **Section 2 Mandatory Conditions of Subsidy Requirements**, it is a Condition of Subsidy that:

- the patient fees debtor balance greater than 120 days as a percentage of total patient fees debtors is less than 20%
- the sundry debtor balance greater than 120 days as a percentage of total sundry debtors is less than 10%
- recovery of outstanding patient fees must be actioned at 30, 45, and 60 days, using reminder letters and final notices for recovery
- strategies must be put in place to minimise doubtful and bad debts, including adherence to the MoH's policy on securing fees for service and the reporting of debtors' written off to the PHE's Finance and Performance Committee each quarter.

Directors of Finance are responsible for implementing payment processes to support debt recovery and further reduce transaction processing time.

3.6.3 Aged Creditors

PHEs must comply with all policies and guidance issued from NSW Treasury regarding creditor payments to ensure all NSW supplier invoices are able to be paid where goods have been receipted and purchase orders matched.

All outgoing payments (including capital related invoices) will be processed and paid daily from HealthShare's central bank accounts for creditors.

As payroll and creditors are paid, these amounts will be treated as a use of operational subsidy, reducing the PHEs remaining subsidy available. The value of the capital creditor payments will be recovered from PHE's capital subsidy for the month in arrears.

3.6.4 Restricted Financial Assets and Custodial Trust Funds

It is a Condition of Subsidy that:

- PHEs are to ensure that designated restricted funds are held and used in accordance with the specified purpose and period.
- Where funds are received from donations, they cannot acquire conditions more restrictive than those set by the donor. All donations received must be deposited into a single PHO Public Contributions RFA unless there is a specific expressed condition from the donor on the conditions of use of the funds. 'Purpose' and 'conditions of use' are not dependent on by whom, when and where the funds were received.
- To avoid fragmentation of donated funds, new dedicated cost centres for donated funds
 received should not be created unless there is a specification by the donor which cannot be
 satisfied by holding funds in the Public Contributions cost centre (evidence of this must be
 loaded into the eCTRA system to confirm purpose), legislation or specific Health policy.
 Donated funds should not be held in the name of any specific Health employees and should not
 be held in the name of a specific ward or hospital unless explicitly required by the donor as a
 condition of use. Donors should be encouraged to designate funds to be used where they are
 needed most.
- Expenditures from Public Contributions RFAs are to be authorized by the Chief Executive.
- All residual RFA funds after completion of its initial specific purpose, are 'unused' and must be returned to the general fund. Accumulation of unused RFA funds must be approved by the Deputy Secretary Financial Services and Asset Management and Chief Financial Officer, NSW Health as provided for in the Accounts & Audit Determination.
- Funds received which fit with the definition of Restricted Financial Assets or Custodial Trust Funds must be managed using the eCTRA application. Any funds received not meeting this definition must be deposited and accounted for as General Funds.
- Cash funds must be received into the RFA or CTF bank account and considered 'available to
 use' prior to any expenditure against the related cost centre (i.e. not held as a receivable) and
 are to be used before operational funds. Balance sheet non-cash items and fixed assets are
 not considered 'funds available for use'. RFA and CTF balance sheets are reviewed to ensure
 all balance sheet items are promptly devolved into equity backed by cash.
- Overdrawn cost centres are those where funds have been spent with no underlying 'funds available for use'. Action plans to resolve all overdrawn cost centres must be tabled to the Finance & Performance Committee and may not be 'regularised' using reversing journals. Compliance with Health policies and statutory requirements will not result in any overdrawn cost centres at any time.

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- Holding and use of Interest and earnings from RFA funds held as cash at bank or within authorised investments as per the RFA Investment Policy must comply with the RFA Policy provisions.
- Staff specialist rights of private practice processing are operated using No.1 CTFs and No.2 RFAs; and in compliance with the Staff Specialist Determination and related NSW Health policies. Drawing rights are paid from realized billings held in the CTF bank account and not from general fund sources.

PHEs should contact the Ministry of Health RFA team at MOH-RestrictedFinancialAssets@health.nsw.gov.au for any specific guidance or assistance. PHEs must ensure that effective processes are implemented to monitor and maintain relevant cost centres within eCTRA.

RFAs (other than No. 2 RFAs) that are dormant for more than 36 months are to be updated to include the Chief Executive and Director of Finance as the primary approvers. Where the cost centre can no longer apply funds held as per the initial 'conditions of use', funds will be considered dormant and must be managed in compliance with the <u>NSW Dormant Funds Act 1942</u>. Where possible, the dormant cost centres are to be re-purposed to be applied for other purposes that benefit the PHE in compliance with this act.

The Deputy Secretary Financial Services and Asset Management and Chief Financial Officer, NSW Health may approve the establishment of a Restricted Financial Assets Fund by a PHE for a specified purpose other than those detailed above or within the Accounts and Audit Determination. Any request for such funds to be established, must be fully approved prior to any action to establish the fund in eCTRA and before any funds are transferred to a RFA bank account. Where this occurs, PHEs are to ensure that the designated funds are held in accordance with the purpose and period of time specified by the Deputy Secretary Financial Services and Asset Management and Chief Financial Officer, NSW Health.

PHE's must comply with the Restricted Financial Assets Investment Policy.

3.6.5 Capital Funds

Capital subsidy drawdowns will result in the recognition of capital subsidy and a reduction in operational subsidy received (increasing the PHE's remaining operational subsidy available) and will not result in a physical transfer of cash.

Where the capital funding has been utilised either from an RFA or an external source, PHEs must ensure that these proceeds are transferred to the General Fund bank account and form part of the excess buffer sweep noted above and treated as a reduction in operational subsidy received.

3.6.6 Administration

PHEs are required to refer all requests related to operating bank accounts and payment facilities including opening and closing accounts, signatory, Corporate Online administrator changes, or new or changed payment facilities to the central banking function for approval, submission, and liaison with the Contract Banking providers. This must be requested to MOH-Banking@health.nsw.gov.au.

PHEs authorise NSW Treasury Corporation to make available to the Ministry of Health any information with respect to funds held in the name of, or provided to, the PHE for any purpose. This includes any transactional data, financial arrangements, and funds held in the name of the PHE in any investment facility or banking provider. All Health entities must note that Treasury has approved only the Ministry of Health to enter into investments. Therefore, all requests to invest must be made via the Ministry.

To facilitate the automation of forecasting, actual cash, and variance reporting, PHEs are required to utilise the StaffLink Cash Management Module when reconciling their Cash at Bank. Reporting of all reconciled balances for cash at bank will be required to ensure monitoring in compliance with NSW Treasury cash balance reporting. This includes 'restricted' and 'unrestricted' funds. Daily reconciliation of cash at bank transactions are required to ensure payments and banking transactions are up to date and promptly recognised in the accounting system.

All bank accounts, financial accommodation and banking facilities held by PHEs must be categorised in line with NSW Treasury requirements, and in compliance with the *Government Sector Finance Act 2018*.

Where bank accounts are held and managed centrally by HealthShare Shared Services, PHEs must promptly provide any assistance requested to identify, categorise, and reconcile transactions to ensure correct treatment and accounting is maintained.

3.7 Other Financial Reporting Guidance

It is a Condition of Subsidy that all PHEs submit the returns and certify the requirements as per:

- Table 7: Monthly Requirements Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports
- Table 8: Monthly Requirements Balance Sheet and Other Reporting

Explanatory guidance is included within this section to meet these requirements. Additionally, whilst this document discusses the actionable responsibilities and obligations of the PHEs (submissions, and KPIs), there is a list of obligations that outline the review/control responsibility that the CE of each PHE has in the Monthly Milestone Report (see section 3.7.1 Monthly Performance and Strategy Report and Milestone Report for further details).

3.7.1 Monthly Performance and Strategy Report and Milestone Report

PHEs are required to submit their monthly results in the form of a Milestone Report and a Monthly Performance & Strategy Report. These reports have a focus on expenditure and revenue results and financial metrics along with some operational metrics, where relevant, to provide further context on the financial performance of the business.

Monthly Performance & Strategy Report

The Monthly Performance & Strategy Report is the PHE's management report detailing the financial performance of the PHE. The report takes the form of a letter to the Ministry of Health Chief Financial Officer and focuses on key areas of the business including raw and weighted activity, Efficiency Improvement Plans, FTE, and Restricted Financial Assets along with year-to-date and full-year forecast revenue and expenditure.

PHEs are to report and explain year-to-date and full-year Projection variances to budget on a monthly basis by major account grouping and include commentary where there are significant variances along with insights into cost and revenue drivers and strategies to improve results. A forecast for expenditure and revenue for the following month is also expected. Revenue commentary should reflect NHRA activity and other own sources. See **Appendix C** for the Performance & Strategy Report format. As outlined in **Table 7: Monthly Requirements – Monthly Performance and Strategy Reports** and as outlined in the annual SA, it is a Condition of Subsidy that the variance percentage of Actuals versus Budget – General Fund for Expenditure, Own Source Revenue and Net Cost of Service (NCOS) should be on budget or favourable to be considered Performing. For further information refer to the Service Agreement document.

The monthly Capital Narrative is the PHE's management report detailing the performance of the PHE's Capital Program. The report focuses on year-to-date actual capital spend against year-to-

date budget and forecast. If there are variances to budget that are greater than 5%, then commentary is required to explain each variance. See **Appendix D** for an example of a monthly Capital Narrative.

Milestone Report

Each PHE is required to complete and certify a monthly checklist known as the 'Milestone Report' via Financial Task Manager. The Milestone Report acts as a monthly checklist of required tasks and a management certification by the CE and/or DoF to ensure certain policy requirements and accountabilities are complied with and met. This is expected to be updated and included within *Financial Task Manager* for FY25 or communicated separately.

This is to ensure:

- compliance with relevant NSW Health policy requirements, including but not limited to this Conditions of Subsidy policy document
- consistency in reporting across each of the PHEs
- accountabilities are clearly distinguished between the Health entities and the Ministry
- certain representations are made by those charged with governance, such as the CE and DoF.

The Milestone Report enables real-time monitoring of financial reporting and statutory compliance of each PHE. The Milestone Report ensures certain mandatory requirements and accountabilities within the Conditions of Subsidy document are complied with.

Shared Services Entity Cost Metrics

Each Shared Service Entity is required to report monthly on a range of cost metrics as defined by the Ministry that examine internal drivers of cost for the Entity along with cost measures that flow to LHDs/SHNs. These cost metrics include prior year performance, monthly results, forecast for current year, covering operating and capital expenditure and will form part of discussion at Service Agreement performance meetings.

3.7.2 Sources of Revenue

Sources of revenue include own source revenue (including activity based and block funding), and government contributions.

Own Sources of Revenue

Commonwealth contributions for <u>National Health Reform Agreement</u> (NHRA) ABF and blockfunded services are considered an own source of revenue. Refer to the table below for the relevant NHRA components. Own source of revenue also comprises of private and compensable patient fees.

NHRA Component	Description
National Health Funding Pool	A funding pool administered by the Commonwealth which collects contributions from all states and Commonwealth. This is used to fund mainly Activity Based Funding (ABF) activity under the <i>National Health Reform Agreement</i> . This amount is provided in the annual Service Agreement.
State Managed Fund	Funding contributions from both Commonwealth and NSW for block funded services under the <i>National Health Reform Agreement</i> .

It is a Condition of Subsidy that:

- the annual and monthly reporting requirements outlined in
- Table 4: Annual Requirements Revenue and Table 10: Monthly Requirements Revenue are complied with
- the responsibility of the Chief Executive is to ensure that billing practices comply with the laws, policies and other requirements of the NSW and Commonwealth Governments
- receipts of all activities of PHE subject to the provisions of the Accounts and Audit
 Determination are to be accounted for through the General Fund unless scheduled as
 Restricted Financial Assets Fund
- PHEs make no payments to visiting medical officers or staff specialists in breach of Section 19(2) of the *Health Insurance Act 1973*
- Directors of Finance ensure the LHD or SHN provides a suitable representative to all statewide Revenue groups and meetings.

LHDs and SHNs are strongly encouraged to fully utilise the tools developed and supported by the Ministry of Health to maximise own source revenue, including the Revenue Portal, the Clinician Billing Portal, and Revenue SharePoint site.

The payment of revenues, such as DVA, MVA, RAS and TACP, will continue to be a non-cash payment to the PHE. The revenue will be recognised in the PHE's accounts with a reduction in operational subsidy received (increasing the PHE remaining subsidy available).

Ministry of Health staff may require access to patient billing systems for the purpose of developing and supporting state-wide tools and assisting PHE staff to resolve billing, data and health fund issues arising from time-to-time. Although comprehensive access is required, Ministry of Health staff with access will not be permitted to edit, correct or in any way change any aspect of the system or its data.

Government Contributions

PHEs are funded by the Ministry of Health for other out of scope non-ABF services using the following equation, based on full year initial budgets:

Funding = Expenditure - Own Source Revenue ± Balance Sheet Movement

These grants are paid weekly and monthly. All subsidy support paid as Government Grants must be receipted to accounts A425010 (Recurrent) and A425050 (Capital).

3.7.3 Clinical Costing Data (District and Network Return)

LHDs and SHNs are required to submit clinical costing data to the Ministry of Health via the District and Network Return (DNR). The DNR includes patient activity and utilisation data, along with general ledger expenses to calculate hospital costs in a fully absorbed costing model. The full year DNR is required to be audited by local internal audit teams.

The DNR is used to inform the State Efficient Price, the National Efficient Price, and several national data submissions, such as National Hospital Cost Data Collection, Public Hospital Establishment and Health Expenditure. DNR costing data is also published in the NSW ABM Portal and enables clinical variation analysis.

3.7.4 Taxation and Superannuation

The Ministry of Health provides PHEs with policy directives, tax law interpretation and technical support for all taxation, superannuation, and salary packaging issues. The Ministry of Health also provides guidance on management of risk. The Ministry of Health has overarching responsibility

to manage taxation and superannuation risk for NSW Health. The Ministry of Health is the Public Officer and the lead tax representative for NSW Health when liaising with the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) in respect of ATO reviews and audits or private ruling requests.

The Ministry of Health have developed comprehensive fringe benefit tax (FBT) compliance guidance and training to support PHE in meeting their annual reporting requirements.

It is a Condition of Subsidy that PHEs:

- Submit all required returns and lodgements as per **Table 5: Annual Requirements Fringe Benefits Tax Reporting**.
- Must ensure compliance with all taxation and superannuation legislation, Australian Taxation
 Office (ATO) rulings and determinations and NSW Government requirements.
- Comply with <u>IB2015_013</u> to ensure FBT liabilities are minimised and enforce proper record keeping (including proper use of telematics where installed) in relation to staff's private use of fleet vehicles.
- Maintain records of all non-salary packaged benefits and incentives provided to employees
 during the year including staff accommodation, relocations costs to assist in the assessment of
 any exemptions and concessions.
- Consult with the Ministry in relation to transactions that may have material tax implications.
- Advise the Ministry of any request of private ruling with the ATO to allow the Ministry to maintain consistent tax position and minimise any risk for the State.
- Comply with all requirements of the NSW Health Salary Packaging Policy (<u>PD2018_044</u>) and the Statement of Requirements under the Whole of Health Salary Packaging Administration and Novated Leasing Head Agreement.
- Ensure PHEs are managing their Salary Packaging Administration and Novated Leasing Customer Agreement and to notify the Ministry of Health of any non-compliance to the Agreement.
- Superannuation obligations are met where applicable when engaging consultants and contractors in accordance with PD2016_004.
- Taxation and superannuation sign-off for new pay elements to be obtained prior to creation.

PHEs have further specific requirements and obligations as part of the monthly Management Certification in FTM. Training manuals and other supporting materials can be found on the Ministry Taxation and Superannuation SharePoint site.

PHEs should contact the Ministry of Health Tax and Superannuation team at MOH-Tax@health.nsw.gov.au for any specific guidance or assistance.

3.7.5 Leave Entitlement and Allocated Days Off (ADOs)

It is a Condition of Subsidy that:

- PHEs communicate the monetary value of annual leave strategies (agreed with the Ministry of Health's Workforce Planning and Talent Development Branch) to the Ministry of Health's Finance Branch.
- Number of employees with greater than three days decreases longitudinally so no employees have a balance greater than three days.
- Where the average ADO balance as of 30 June 2025 is greater than three days, the average ADO balance of the employees should show a reduction of at least 20% by 31 December 2025.

Measures must be put in place to continuously reduce excess leave and ADO balances to ensure compliance with NSW Government Policy, the *Annual Holiday Act 1944* and the *Industrial Relations*

Act 1996.

Excessive leave entitlements adversely impact the organisation because these are paid at the rate of pay when the leave is taken or paid out, not the time at which it was accrued. It can also have adverse effects on employee wellbeing and productivity.

In completing the requirements relevant to the EIP as outlined in **3.2.8 Efficiency Improvement Plans**, please ensure you submit any annual leave strategies which are relevant and applicable to your PHE. Submission should be included as part of the overall EIP.

3.7.6 Employee On-costs and Administrative Charges

PHEs may recoup employee on-costs related to the secondment of staff in the NSW public sector at the rate of 21.2% of the actual employee related cost. This rate has been determined on the following basis:

- annual leave expense at the rate of 8.4%
- superannuation at the rate of 11.5%
- Workers Compensation at the rate of 1.3%.

Long service leave expense is not to be recovered as it is funded by the Crown finance entity.

PHEs may also levy an administrative charge to recover costs associated with:

- the support of projects and programs funded by the Ministry of Health
- the management of Restricted Financial Assets
- the recouping of seconded employee costs and on-costs.

PHEs are to ensure that the overhead charge is commensurate with the marginal cost of providing the support and is determined in a transparent manner (based upon an estimate of actual effort required). It is also a Condition of Subsidy that:

- The overhead charge applied to RFA is transferred as an expense offset to the General Fund.
- The maximum rate to be applied to recoup overheads is 7.5%.

3.7.7 Compliance With Laws, Regulations and Applicable NSW Treasury Circulars and Directives

It is a Condition of Subsidy that all Health entities are required to comply with the requirements of relevant laws and regulations and with applicable NSW Treasury Circulars and Directives.

PHEs are to ensure that the terms of appointment for employees engaged under <u>Chapter 9</u> of the <u>Health Services Act 1997</u> and visiting practitioners engaged under <u>Chapter 8</u> of the <u>Health Services Act 1997</u> (including remuneration, benefits, conditions and rights of private practice) comply with, and do not exceed, applicable industrial instruments (including awards), policy directives and determinations of the Secretary. Expenditure is not authorised consistent with the meaning of section 5.5 of the *Government Sector Finance Act* 2018 where this directive is not complied with. Non-standard remuneration proposals should be submitted to the Ministry Workplace Relations Branch for approval consistent with Part 3 of Non-Standard Remuneration or Conditions of Employment (<u>PD2018_040</u>).

The Secretary of Health, as the Accountable Authority of all NSW Health entities, has overarching responsibility to ensure compliance and therefore requires Health entities to provide sufficient information, as determined from time to time, to fulfill this responsibility. Health entities are required to submit annual registers (including NIL returns) containing details of all Act of Grace payments and Gifts of government property.

3.7.8 Shared Services Subsidy Funding Reconciliation

The Shared Services entities are required to provide a breakdown of programs to be funded through the year from subsidy following the finalisation of the Budget. As part of year-end, a reconciliation and attestation of the final utilisation of subsidy funded programs is required.

3.7.9 Affiliated Health Organisations

Districts contracted or engaging with Affiliated Organisations (AHO) listed under <u>Schedule 3 of the Health Services Act 1997</u> are expected to establish a Service Agreement and manage the operational and financial performance of the AHOs within the District and Ministry's broader service agreement parameters, including: KPIs, activity targets, and the revenue and expenditure budget envelope. Assessment of the District's overall performance will include the impact of the AHO, and risks need to be raised and managed accordingly.

A principles-based approach to engagement with AHO's needs to be taken within the prevailing contracts and arrangements operating at local level.

Districts are expected to cascade relevant elements of their annual Service Agreement in a consistent, fair, and timely manner. This includes expenditure, revenue, NWAU targets and price, efficiency improvement initiatives and relevant Service Agreement KPIs and performance thresholds. Reporting by AHOs of these requirements is to occur on a monthly basis where the total annual value of the grant is \$10M or more. For amounts under \$10M, reporting should be a least quarterly.

Escalation provided for grants to AHOs for 2024-25 is 3.6%.

3.7.10 Administration of Grants

It is a Condition of Subsidy that PHEs are required to comply with the Treasury Grants Administration Guide (M2024-03), which provides an overview of the grants administration process, overarching principles that apply to all NSW Government grants, and mandatory requirements that must be complied with when administering grants. All grants must have a documented evaluation periodically and prior to renewals.

PHEs are also required to comply with the NSW Health policy directive Disclosure of Contract Information (PD2018_021), which aims to improve compliance with reporting requirements under the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 for contracts with the private sector with a value of \$150,000 or more have certain information disclosed. All PHEs are required to report details of any grant contracts via PORTT. For further information, please contact the MOH-PORTTSupport@health.nsw.gov.au.

3.7.11 Mental Health Initiative Reporting

It is a Condition of Subsidy that PHEs update their actual spend on specific mental health initiatives in KEY. PHEs are accountable to provide accurate financial reporting and substantiation, in the form of SMRS extracts, as at the end of the quarterly reporting period.



Appendices

Appendix A - Monthly Management Certification – Financial Task Manager

The following is an extract of the tasks in Monthly Management Certification for 2024-25. For the latest version, refer to the FTM tool.

Frequency	Task
Condition of Subsidy	у
Monthly	Ensure all Monthly Management Certifications are submitted
Statutory Reporting	and Audit Compliance
Quarterly (Sep, Dec, Mar, Jun).	The PHE we are responsible for, complies with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Determination and the <u>NSW Health Accounting Policy Manual</u> .
Monthly	Information presented to Boards is consistent with the financial information held in SMRS / Corporate Analytics and the financial performance reported to the Ministry of Health.
Monthly	Billing practices comply with the laws, policies and other requirements of the NSW and Commonwealth Governments.
Monthly	No payments to visiting medical officers or staff specialists in breach of section 19(2) of the Health Insurance Act 1973 have been made.
Budgeting and Fore	cast
Monthly	That financial authority is appropriately delegated to budget holders.
Monthly	Budgets and forecasts have been recorded within SMRS within cost centres, using relevant account codes.
Monthly	Monthly financial forecasts (expenditure, own source revenue and balance sheet) have been provided at an appropriate fund entity/cost centre level, based on the 'Minimum Entry Level' account mapping.
Monthly	New cost centres are allocated costing fractions within the ABF costing systems before any actual costs are coded to them.
Monthly	Own source revenue budgets have been accurately projected and variances between budget and actual revenue are minimised.
Annual (March)	Forecasts of revenues and expenses submitted for the YTD position at the end of March is our best estimate of the position expected to occur at the end of June and acknowledge that this information is submitted to Treasury and could be subject to change by the Ministry of Health.
Cash, Banking and L	iquidity Management
Monthly	Bank accounts are not operating in an overdraft position.
Monthly	Compliance with the NSW Government Financial Risk Management Policy in relation to foreign exchange risk.
Monthly	That no payment of creditors or other outgoing amounts have been made from our local bank account other than those permitted under the zero buffer instructions.

Appendices / Appendix A- Monthly Management Certification – Financial Task Manager

Monthly	The StaffLink Cash Management Module has been utilised when reconciling our Cash at Bank.
Monthly	Receipts of all activities of PHEs, subject to the provisions of the Accounts and Audit Determination, have been accounted for through the General Fund unless scheduled as Restricted Financial Assets Fund.
Aged Debtors	
Monthly	Strategies are put in place to minimise doubtful and bad debts, including adherence to the Ministry of Health's policy on securing fees for service and the reporting of debtors written off to the PHEs Finance and Performance Committee each quarter.
Restricted Financia	Assets and Custodial Trust Funds
Quarterly (Sep, Dec, Mar, Jun)	Balance scorecards for RFAs & CTFs are reviewed quarterly.
Quarterly (Sep, Dec, Mar, Jun)	Designated restricted and custodial trust funds are held and used in accordance with the specific purpose, trust deed and period.
Monthly	Restricted and custodial trust funds are maintained in real terms (no overdrawn cash balances) and used before operating funds.
Six monthly (Dec, Jun)	Review of dormant RFAs and CTFs on a 6 monthly basis and tabled to the Finance and Performance Committee.
Monthly	Review and resolve overdrawn RFAs and CTFs on a monthly basis and tabled to the Finance and Performance Committee.
Monthly	RFA fund budgets and forecasts are appropriately updated in the BTS and forecast applications.
Other Financial Rep	orting Guidance
Annual (Jun)	Ministry of Health's eRoPP system is used by Staff Specialists to undertake their RoPP elections.
Quarterly (Sep, Dec, Mar, Jun)	Calculate and submit the energy efficiency performance metric
Annual (30 Sep)	All cost centres currently enabled do not meet the requirements for deactivation (no transactions in the current or previous financial year, or with 'Do Not Use' or 'Closed' in the description but with transactions in the current or previous financial year).
Twice yearly (Jul, Oct)	Ensure annual Own Source Revenue certification requirements are submitted.
Taxation	
Monthly	Abided by all MoH policy directives, tax, and superannuation legislation and MoH guidance for all taxation, superannuation, and salary packaging issues.
Monthly	The MoH is immediately advised of any new taxation risk that has been added to the Enterprise Risk Register.
Monthly	The MoH is notified as soon as practicable of all ATO reviews and audits.
Monthly	The MoH is advised in relation to transactions that may have material tax implications and are not captured in the risk register.

Appendix B - Monthly Milestone Checklist 2024-25

Extract of February 2025:

	[INSERT NAME OF HEALTH ENTITY] Financial Reporting Milestone Report 2025							
Feb-25								
Item	Milestone	SharePoint Guidance Docs	Target Date	Completed (Y/N/NA)	Completed Date	Responsible e Officer	Revised Date (if applicab	Ministry's Comments
	Health entities to provide a depreciation forecast as at 31 January 2025 (Em ail to MOH-HealthFinReporting@health.nsw.gov.au with a copy to Julie.Cleary 1@health.nsw.gov.au)		21-Feb-25					
2	Perform an annual useful life assessment on all classes of plant and equipment and intangible assets with a cost price greater than \$75 K and a remaining useful life of less than 36 months	https://nswhealth.sharepoint.com/sites/MOH- FAS/Guidance%20 papers/Forms/AllItems.aspx?id=%2 Fsites%2FMOH%2 DFAS%2FG uidance%20papers%2F 01%2 DG P06%2 D20 18%20Plant%20and %20Eq uipment %20and %20Intangible%20Asset%20 Stocktakes%2Ep df&parent=%2Fsites%2FMOH%2DFAS%2FGuidance%	21-Feb-25					
3	Submit a progress update to Audit Risk Committee and Ministry on: - 2023 Management Letter Issues - 2023 AG Status Recommendations (Appendix K)	https://nswhealth.sharepoint.com/sites/MOH- FAS/SitePages/Milestone.asp.x	21-Feb-25					
4	Submit assessment document to the Ministry relating to: - AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. - AASB 11 Joint Arrangements - AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (Appendix G)	https://nswhealth.sharepoint.com/sites/MOH- FAS/SitePages/Milestone.asp.x	28-Feb-25					
5	Submit to the Ministry signed: - Gifts of Government Property register - Statutory Act of Grace register (I Feb 2024 to 31 Jan 2025)		28-Feb-25					

Prepared by: [Insert name and sign a bove]
[Position]
Date/..../....

Reviewed by: [Insert name and sign above]
Director of Finance
Date...../.....

Appendix C - Monthly Performance & Strategy Report

Adjunct Professor Alfa D'Amato
Deputy Secretary, <u>Financial Services</u> and Asset Management
and Chief Financial Officer, NSW Health
<u>Email: MOH-InternalReportingFinance@health.nsw.gov.au</u>

	Yearte Date YED				NaYer(PT)			
General Fund	Seizel	Redgel	Velene		Personal	Refgel	Veines	
Solari as and Worgan	-	-		000	19	19	19	-
Overfese				766				
Accres Cada Pronton Labour)				096				ŏ
Total Employee Related Expenditure				096				0
VMOResments				096				0
Outsourced Parliet Care				Ole				0
Agents Code Goods & Servicial)				096				0
Support				096				0
Traci and Accomodation (see 1551)				0%				
Admin				096				0
Total Goods and Sanifass				096				0
Repairs Maintenance & Remoustr				0%				0
Total General Fund Expenditure				0%				0
Patient Pass				0%				0
ASP C Thieserue				0%				0
HighCot Dags				0%				0
Liter Charges				0%				0
Other Sources				096				0
Total Orn SourceRevenue				096				. 0

[<u>Mote.</u>] High level financial report which is used in the quarterly performance meeting. Ensure that appropriate forecasts are provided for each line]

HIGH LEVEL SUMMARY

[Insert Health Entity Logo in Header]

Performance for Month (pls cover these topics as a minimum)

NCOS for the month is \$X or % Faw/<u>UnEav</u> to budget, represented by Expenditure variance of \$X or % Fav/<u>Unfav</u> to budget and Revenue variance of \$X or % Fav/<u>Unfav</u> to budget.

 $\textbf{Expenditure} - \textbf{Daily run rate for the month was X compared to budgeted run rate of $$\underline{X}$ }$

Performance Year to Date (pls cover these topics as a minimum)

NCOS for the YTD is \$X or % Fav/InEav to budget, represented by Expenditure variance of \$X or % Fav/InEav to budget and Revenue variance of \$X or % Fav/InEav to budget.

Activity-

 $\label{thm:precision} \textbf{FTE'S-} \textbf{YTD Avg FTE was X which is X above/under budgeted FTE and is X or X\% higher/lower than the previous year.}$

Strategies - This can be removed if you are including it in the comments within each <u>category</u>

FULL YEAR PROJECTION (pls cover these topics as a minimum)

Forecast for NCOS is \$X or % Fav/UnEav to budget, represented by Expenditure variance of \$X or % Fav/UnEav to budget and Revenue variance of \$X or % Fav/UnEav to budget.

Expenditure-

Activity-

RFA's-

Strategies - This can be removed if you are including it in the comments within each <u>category</u>

CONCLUSION (pls cover these topics as a minimum)

Actions that will be taken in the coming months giving consideration to

- Governance & Leadership
 Workforces Efficiencies
 Quality Improvements and Models of Care Initiatives
 Non-Workforce Efficiencies

Certification

I certify that this narrative is reflective of the summary and detailed information contained in SMRS and that the "Official" for the month, YTD is truly reflective of the Health Entities YTD costs, budgeting and full year forecasts and agrees to the information provided to the Finance Committee.

All budgets received in the Top Level have been appropriately allocated down to cost centres and aggregated account groups in the submitted level and phased in accordance to anticipated expenditure and revenue generation.

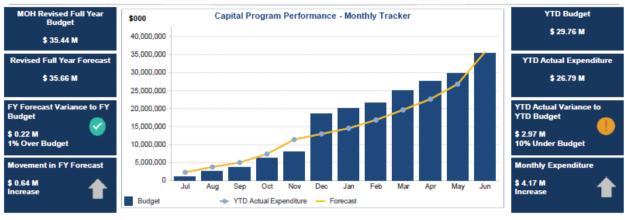
Full Year forecast has been reviewed and devolved down to aggregated major accounting groups.

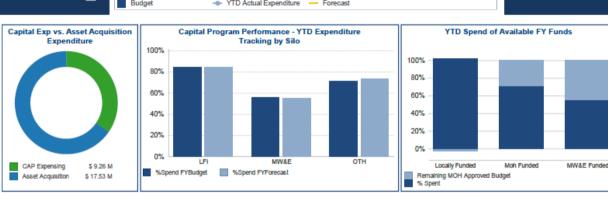
[Name] Chief Executive

[Name] Director of Finance Date:

Appendix D - Monthly Capital Narrative Example 2024-25

CAPITAL DASHBOARD





Capital Narrative - Sign off

1

CAPITAL NARRATIVE - SIGN OFF

Certification of Appropriate Purchasing Approvals

I certify that all capital purchases resulting in an asset form part of a Ministry approved capital project and are coded to the appropriate "P5" capital project code and capital expenditure general ledger account codes.

Certification Capital Data in SMRT

I certify that this Capital Narrative is reflective of the summary and detailed information contained in SMRT, and that SMRT 'Official' and YTD for the month is truly reflective of the Health Entity's YTD costs, budgeting and full year forecasts. I also agree for the information in this Narrative to be provided to the Ministry of Health Finance, Risk and Performance Management Committee, Minister of Health and NSW Treasury.

Narrative Prepared: Position:		Date:
Narrative Reviewed: Position:		Date:
Narrative signed off: Position:	Director of Finance	Date:

Appendix E - Certification of Forecast Accuracy Example

Please note this this will not be updated until October 2024 and March 2025 and as such the 2023-2024 template is included as an example.



Chief Executive / Director of Finance Certification of the Accuracy of 2023-2024 Forecasts

I have reviewed the <entity name>'s 2023-2024 Forecasts and certify that, to the best of my knowledge:

- These present, in all material respects, the best estimates of the financial position and financial full year performance for the year 2023-2024 of < entity name >. Please refer to the attached guidelines when completing your full year forecast.
- All assumptions used by <entity name> to prepare these Forecasts are reasonable, internally consistent, based on the best available information and have been applied consistently and reflect advised budget supplementations.
- I have ensured that there is an effective system of internal control over the financial and related operations of < entity name >.
- The statements made above are based on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance with controls which are operating effectively in all material respects.

Signature of Director of Finance	Date
Signature of Chief Executive	Date

Appendix F - 2024-25 Budget Notice Template

Insert LHD Logo xxx District/Hospital here The following information is provided in respect to the budget and activity requirements for the financial year 2024-2025. The budget represents the initial allocation and may be subject to change as the year progresses. **INITIAL BUDGET ALLOCATION FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-2025** ('000)**Acute Admitted** \$0 2024-2025 BUDGET ALLOCATION **Emergency Department** \$0 \$0 Sub-Acute Services Non Admitted Services - Incl Dental Services \$0 Mental Health - Admitted (Acute and Sub-Acute) \$0 Mental Health - Non Admitted \$0 \$0 \$0 Restricted Financial Asset Expenses Depreciation (General Funds only) \$0 **Total Expenses** \$0 Revenue \$0 **Net Result** \$0 State Efficient Price \$0 **ACTIVITY TARGETS 2024-2025 Target Volume** (NWAU24) **Acute Admitted** 0 **Emergency Department** 0 0 **Sub-Acute Services** Non Admitted Services - Incl Dental Services 0 Mental Health - Admitted (Acute and Sub-Acute) 0 Mental Health - Non Admitted Total FTE BUDGET 2024-2025

Appendix G - 2024-25 Expense Budget Template

	Expense Budget ¹							
Local Health District/Network	Service Agreement Budget Schedule issued June 2024							
XX XX XX	2024/25 Annualised Budget (\$'000)	2024/25 Initial Budget (\$'000)	Growth (\$'000)	Growth (%)				
Local Health District/Network								
Enter name of facility in alphabetical order		T	<u> </u>	1				
	2							
TOTAL								

¹ Expenses are inclusive of escalation, cost efficiency & increased activity for hospital admitted and non-admitted services.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,$ The total Expense Budget amounts to be included are as per Budget Schedule

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